

UCI Health

UCI HEALTH COMMUNITY NETWORK WORK-RELATED ILLNESS/INJURY MEDICAL TREATMENT CALL 911 FOR ANY IMMEDIATE OR LIFE-THREATENING INJURIES

WORK RELATED INJURIES

If the illness/injury is work related, the employee must report the illness/injury to their supervisor/Employee Health within 24-hours. Employee Health will provide the employee with necessary forms to ensure the illness/injury is reported correctly to Sedgwick. If medical care is needed, the employee must seek immediate medical attention. If after hours or the weekend visit any emergency room, then follow up with an accepted Occupational Health Clinic the next business day. Please visit this website for more information: <https://hr.uci.edu/partnership/workforce-relations/workers-compensation.php>

**If medical care is needed, please seek treatment at:
Concentra, Kaiser On-The-Job, and other accepted locations. See below for location information.**

CONCENTRA	KAISER ON-THE-JOB	OTHER
640 S. Placentia Ave. Placentia, CA, 92870 714-579-7772	10820 183rd St. Cerritos, CA 90703 833-574-2273	Newport Urgent Care 1000 Bristol Street North STE 1-B Newport Beach, CA 92660 949-752-6300
40 Centerpointe Dr. La Palma, CA, 90623 714-522-8020	Anaheim Medical Center 3460 E. La Palma Ave, Building 1 Anaheim, CA 92806 714-644-6450	Occupational Services (Long Beach Memorial Hospital) 1720 Termino Ave. Long Beach, CA 90804 562-933-0085
3100 W. Warner Ave. Santa Ana, CA 92704-5331 714-245-0800	Downey. Garden Medical Offices 9353 E. Imperial Hwy., 3rd Floor Downey, CA 90242-2814 562-657-2200	Occupational Medicine @ UCI Medical Center 101 The City Dr. South Orange, CA 92868 714-456-8300
100 Oceangate, P245 Long Beach, CA 90802 562-432-2821	Irvine. Sand Canyon Medical Offices 6670 Alton Parkway Irvine, CA 92618 714-644-6450	
2499 S. Wilmington Ave. Compton CA 90220 310-638-1113	Santa Ana. Harbor-MacArthur Medical 3401 South Harbor Blvd Santa Ana, CA 92704 714-644-6450	
1101 S. Anaheim Blvd. Anaheim 92805 714-937-1919		

You may be entitled to workers' compensation benefits if you are injured or become ill because of your job. Workers' compensation covers most work-related physical or mental injuries and illnesses. An injury or illness can be caused by one event (such as hurting your back in a fall) or by repeated exposures (such as hurting your wrist from doing the same motion over and over).

- Workers' compensation benefits include:**
- Medical Care: Doctor visits, hospital services, physical therapy, lab tests, x-rays, medicines, medical equipment and travel costs that are reasonably necessary to treat your injury. You should never see a bill. There are limits on chiropractic, physical therapy and occupational therapy visits.
 - Temporary Disability (TD) Benefits: Payments if you lose wages while recovering. For most injuries, TD benefits may not be paid for more than 104 weeks within five years from the date of injury.
 - Permanent Disability (PD) Benefits: Payments if you do not recover completely and your injury causes a permanent loss of physical or mental function that a doctor can measure.
 - Supplemental Job Displacement Benefit: A nontransferable voucher, if you are injured on or after 1/1/2004, your injury causes permanent disability, and your employer does not offer you regular, modified, or alternative work.
 - Death Benefits: Paid to your dependents if you die from a work-related injury or illness.

The injured employee may consult a licensed attorney to advise them of their rights under Workers’ Compensation laws.

Naming Your Own Physician Before Injury or Illness (Pre-designation): You may be able to choose the doctor who will treat you for a job injury or illness. If eligible, you must tell your employer, in writing, the name and address of your personal physician or medical group before you are injured. You must obtain their agreement to treat you for your work injury. For instructions, please visit this website: <https://hr.uci.edu/partnership/workforce-relations/files/Employee-Physician-PreDesignation.pdf>

Discrimination: It is illegal for your employer to punish or fire you for having a work injury or illness, for filing a claim, or testifying in another person's workers' compensation case. If proven, you may receive lost wages, job reinstatement, increased benefits, and costs and expenses up to limits set by the state.